

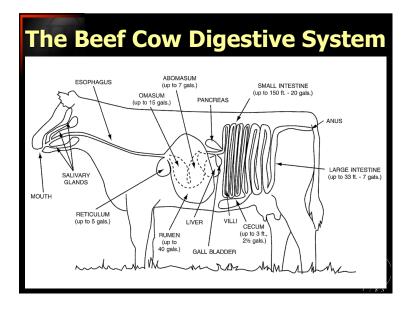


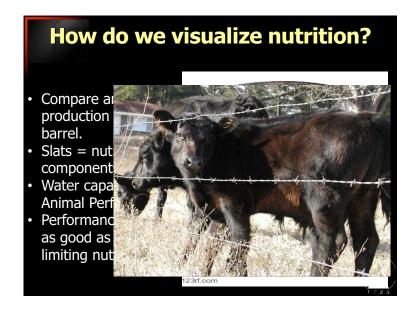


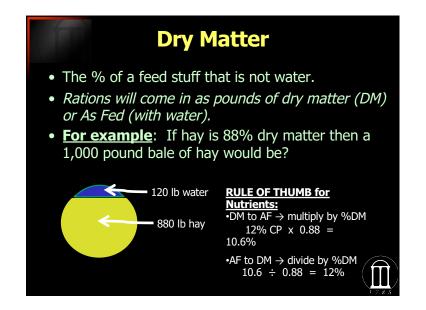


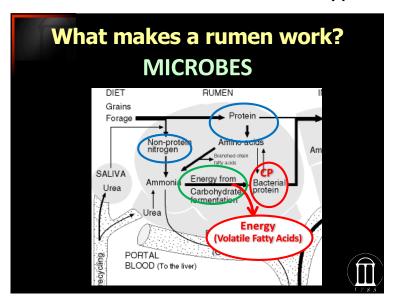
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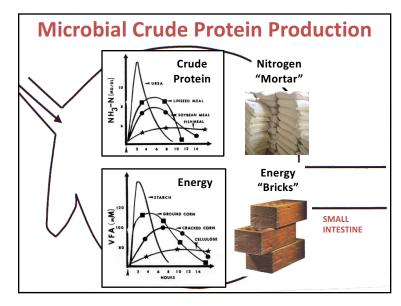












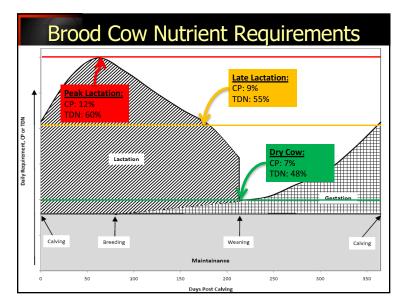


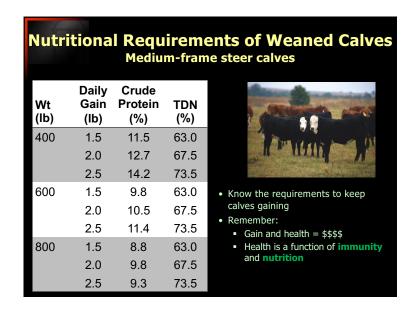


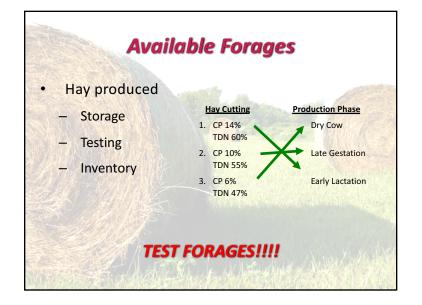




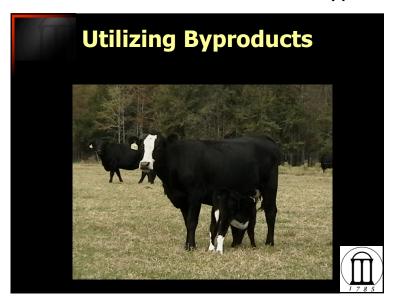


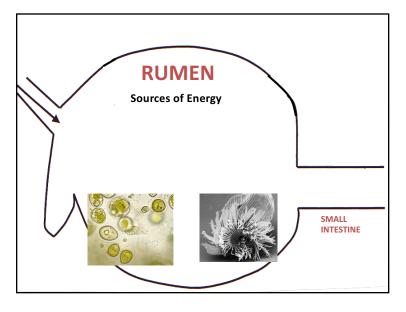








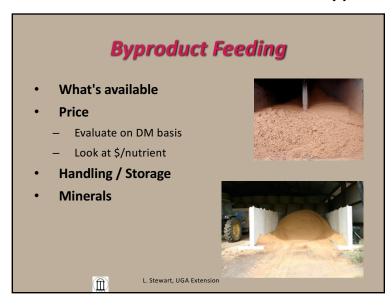


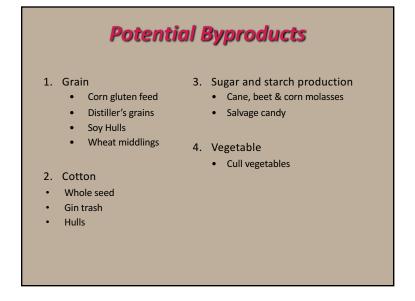


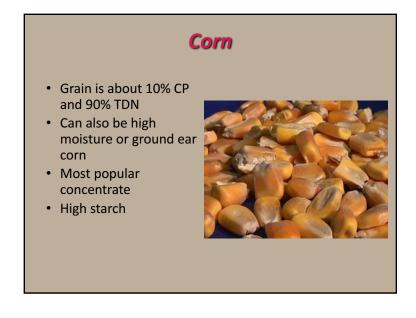
Effect of Increasing Corn on Hay Intake and Digestibility							
	Corn, Ibs/day						
	None	2.2	4.4	6.6			
Hay DMI lbs	19.3	18.0	14.1	11.2			
Total DMI, lbs	20.9	21.1	18.6	17.2			
DOMI, Ibs	7.5	8.4	7.1	7.3			
Hay OM Digest, %	36.5	35.1	23.6	18.9			
	Okla	JAS 65:557					

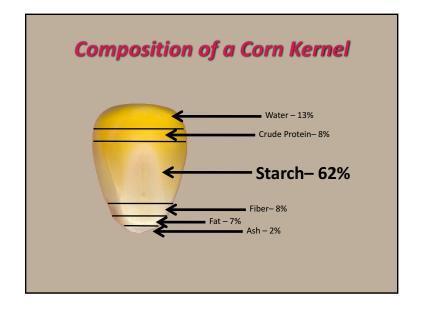
Effect of Increasing Soybean Hulls on Hay Intake						
	SH, Ibs/day					
	None	2.2	4.4	6.6		
Hay, OMI, Ibs	21.4	22.3	21.6	19.9		
DOMI, Ibs	10.6	11.8	12.3	12.7		
OM Digestibility, %	45.8	46.2	46.6	48.6		
	Oklaho	ma State, 19	990	JAS 68:4319		











**Byproducts Utilization** 

#### Corn Gluten Feed

- · Results from wet milling of corn to produce corn starch, oil and syrup. Probably 6 million tons per year.
- About 24% CP and 80% TDN
- Low Calcium; High **Phosphorus**
- Low starch
- High sulfur
- · LIMIT TO 30% of intake



#### **Distiller's Grains**

- · Byproduct of ethanol production
- · Available:
  - Wet (~47% DM)
  - Dry (~90% DM)
- Very similar to corn gluten feed ( $\uparrow$ CP,  $\uparrow$ TDN,  $\uparrow$ P,  $\uparrow$ S)
- · Higher rumen undegradable protein (bypass protein)



### Soybean Meal

- The original byproduct Oil production
- 48-52% CP and 87%TDN
- · Utilized in almost all animal production



### Wheat

- 105% value of corn
- · May pack in stomach if ground too fine
- Generally not over 50% of ration



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**Byproducts Utilization** 

### **Wheat Middlings**

- Seven million tons of flour by-products available
  - 18% CP, 83% TDN (20 30% starch)
  - Do not store well readily absorbs moisture from the air
- Feed with caution due to the rapidly fermentable starch content
- Low Calcium, High Phosphorus

### Whole Cottonseed

- High energy due to oil content
- Excellent source of CP, TDN and fiber
- Doesn't have to be processed
- Doesn't flow well in feeders; should be fed in troughs



### **Cottonseed Hulls**

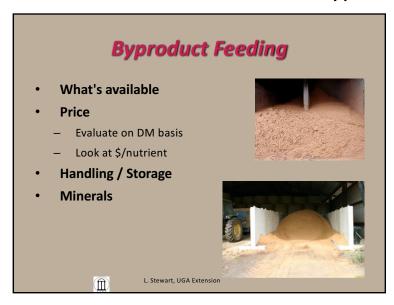
- Low TDN and CP
- Good source of roughage
- Doesn't flow



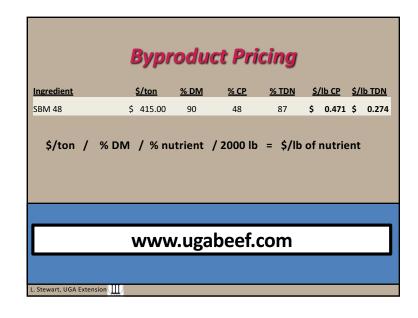
### Soybean Hulls

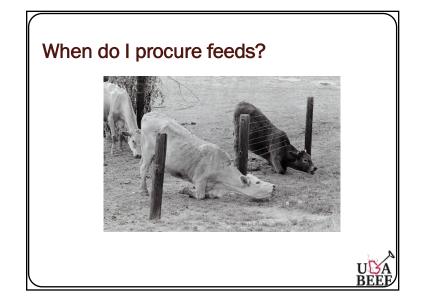
- · Excellent palatability
- Less starch content than grains; therefore, less negative effect on forage utilization
- Safer, less incidence of founder





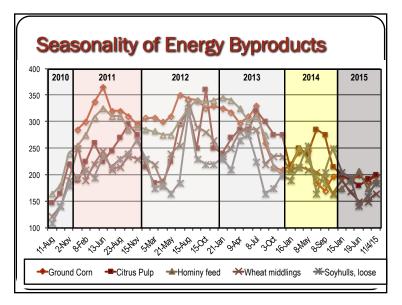


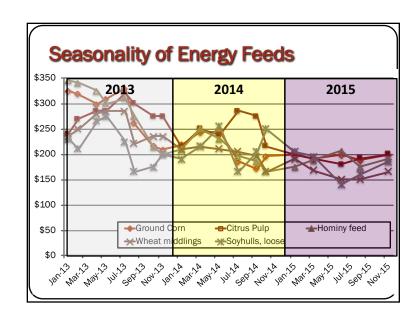


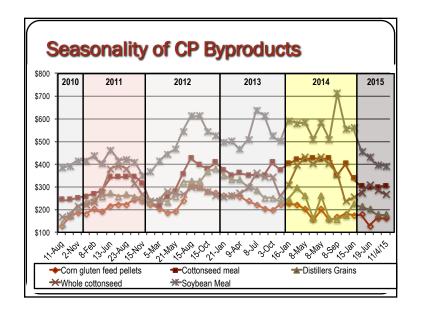












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